General Education Review Committee Agenda

12:30-1:30January 22, 2010 **ADM 204**

					ADM 204		
	to Orde	er					
Roll	Г		IIAD/C	A.G.	With Control		
	nne Fors		UAB/C		Written Communication		
	er Hedge	epetn	UAB/C				
() Utpa		~	UAB/S				
	n Keatin orah Fox		UAB/L UAB/M				
	ick Moc		UAB/N				
() Len		K	CAS	AS	Quantitative Skills		
	cia Stratt	on	CAS		Oral Communication		
	er Olivai		CAS		Fine Arts		
` '	cia Faga		CAS		Humanities		
	erly Bark		CAS		Natural and Physical Sciences		
	erine Sul		CHSW		ivaturar and i hysicar sciences		
	ert Capuc		COE				
	lra Pence		CTC				
() Vaca		,	CIC		Social Sciences		
	ry Davie:	S	UAB		Ex officio/UAB Chair		
	Quimby		UAB		Ex officio/OAA		
() Vaca			Student				
. ,							
II.	Approval of Agenda (pg. 1)						
				,			
III.	Approval of Summary (pg. 2-3)						
TX /	D.		• ,	W D	. D O 1		
IV.	Report	t from As	ssociate	Vice Provos	st Bart Quimby		
V.	Chair'	s Report					
VI.	Course	e Action 1	Request	S			
	Chg	SOC A			itutions: Sex, Knowledge, Money, Power, and God (3 cr) (3+0)		
	0118	20011		(pg. 4-7)	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		
				40 /			
	Add	ECON	A123	Introduction	on to Behavioral Economics (3 cr) (3+0) (pg. 8-14)		
VII.		usiness					
	A. Up	date fron	n last wo	eek's subcor	mmittees		
* ****							
VIII.	New B	Business					

IX.

Informational Items and Adjournment

General Education Review Committee Summary

12:30-1:30 January 8, 2010 ADM 204

I.	Call	to	Order

Roll

(x) Suzanne Forster UAB/CAS Written Communication

() Oliver Hedgepeth (x) Utpal Dutta UAB/SOE (x) Kevin Keating UAB/Library (x) Deborah Fox UAB/Mat-Su (x) Kenrick Mock UAB/CAS

(x) Len Smiley CAS Quantitative Skills (x) Marcia Stratton CAS Oral Communication

() Walter Olivares CAS Fine Arts (x) Patricia Fagan CAS Humanities

(e) Beverly Barker

Natural and Physical Sciences

(x) Catherine Sullivan() Robert Capuozzo(x) Sandra PenceCHSWCOECTC

() Vacant Social Sciences (x) Hilary Davies UAB Ex officio/UAB Chair (x) Bart Quimby UAB Ex officio/OAA

() Vacant Student

II. Approval of Agenda (pg. 1)

Approved

III. Approval of Summary (pg. 2-3)

Susan Fallon Should be Susan Wilson

Approved

IV. Report from Associate Vice Provost Bart Quimby

Comments relate to GER Capstone Survey

V. Chair's Report

A. Integrative Capstone Surveys/ Communication to Integrative Capstone Instructors

Bart Quimby only sees the following left to do with GERC: a general discussion about data and what could we do to make this more effective

MOTION: Began process by forming three subcommittees, one for each of areas; then meet together to discuss the findings.

2nd: Catherine Sullivan

Approved

Student Survey

Hilary

Marcia

Len

Sandra

Faculty Survey

Debi

Kenrick

Kevin

Artifacts

Suzanne

Patricia

Catherine Sullivan

2

MOTION: The General Education Committee supports the creation of a funded faculty group General Education Assessment Committee.

VI. Course Action Requests

VII. Old Business

A. Wording on the GER in the catalog

MOTION (Sandra Pence): Approved language in the catalog copy on page 58 the following page will be made add the language from the summary.

2nd: Catherine Sullivan

Approved

MOTION (Suzanne Forster) Approved language in the catalog copy on page 80 the following page will be made add the language from the summary.

2nd: Marcia Stratton

Approved

Page 80

Pages 76, 77, 78 (2 places), and 86 (2 places) term general education

VIII. New Business

IX. Informational Items and Adjournment

Meeting adjourned



Curriculum Action Request University of Alaska Anchorage Proposal to Initiate, Add, Change, or Delete a Course or Program of Study

1a. School or College AS CAS		1b. Division		1c. Department SOCIOLOGY					
AO OAO		ASSC Division of Social	Science	300101001					
2. Course Prefix	3. Course Number	4. Previous Course Prefix & Number		5a. Credits/CEU	5b. Contact Hours (Lecture + Lab)				
SOC	A202	None		3	(3+0)				
6. Complete Course/Pr Social Institutions	6. Complete Course/Program Title Social Institutions								
Abbreviated Title for Transcrip	t (30 character)								
7. Type of Course	Academic	Non-credit	CEU Professional Development						
8. Type of Action	Course	Program	9. Repeat	Repeat Status No # of Repeats Max Credits					
Add [Prefix Credits	Course Number Contact Hours	10. Gradin	ng Basis 🛛 A-F 🔲 P/l	NP NG				
Delete	Title Grading Basis Course Description	Repeat Status Cross-Listed/Stacked Course Prerequisites	11. Implementation Date semester/year From: Fall/2010 To: 9999/9999						
	Test Score Prerequisite Other Restrictions	Co-requisites Registration Restrictions	12. Cr	12. Cross Listed with					
☐ Class ☐ Level☐ College ☐ Major☐ Other Update CCG☐			Stacked with Cross-Listed Coordination Signature						
	or college requirements ective AAS - Human Se	s that require this course ervices							
14. Coordinate with Af		UAA Faculty listserv, UAA De	eans and Exte	ended Site Directiors					
		ont, concer, or concept		Initiator Signatu	re Date				
15. General Educa	ation Requirement		Vritten Communic	ation Quantitative Skills Natural Sciences	Humanities Integrative Capstone				
16. Course Description Applies sociological perspectives, theories, and methodologies to the study of social institutions including, family, education, economy, government, and religion, to examine the ways in which social institutions shape the social organization of society.									
17a. Course Prerequisite(s) (list prefix and number) SOC A101 17b. Test Score(s) N/A 17c. Co-requisite(s) (concurrent enrollment required) N/A									
17d. Other Restriction(s) 17e. Registration Restriction(s) (non-codable)									
☐ College ☐ Major ☐ Class ☐ Level N/A									
18. Mark if course									
 Justification for Action Update course title, description, and course content guide (CCG) to reflect current course content. 									

COURSE CONTENT GUIDE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA ANCHORAGE JANUARY 2010

School/College College of Arts and Sciences

Course SubjectSociologyCourse NumberSOC A202

Number of Credits 3+0

Course Title Social Institutions

Grading Basis A-F

Course Description: Applies sociological perspectives, theories, and methodologies to the study of social institutions including, family, education, economy, government, and religion, to examine the ways in which social institutions shape the social organization of society.

Course Level Justification: This course provides basic concepts and identifies major sociological perspectives useful in the study of social institutions.

Prerequisite(s) SOC A101: Introduction to Sociology

Fees None

Instructional Goals

The In	The Instructor will:					
1.	1. Introduce students to theoretical explanations of social institutions.					
2.	Demonstrate empirical approaches to the study of social institutions.					
3.	Foster critical thinking skills needed for students to compare and contrast theoretical					
	perspectives on social institutions.					
4.	Guide students in a research project or a service learning assignment that will allow					
	them to better understand a particular aspect of social institutions.					

Student Outcomes

The student will be able to:	Assessment Method
1. Describe theoretical perspectives on social	Exams, writing assignments
institutions.	
2. Describe empirical approaches to the study	Exams, writing assignments
of social institutions.	
3. Compare theoretical perspectives on social	Exams, writing assignments
institutions with particular attention to issues	
of social change.	
4. Evaluate empirical information.	Research paper, service learning project

Topical Course Outline

- A. Sociology And The Study Of Social Institutions
 - 1. Defining Social Institutions
 - 2. Explaining Social Institutions: Competing Theoretical Perspectives
 - 3. Empirical Approaches to the Study of Social Institutions
- B. Overview Of Selected Social Institutions
 - 1. Kinship
 - 2. Education
 - 3. Economy
 - 4. Polity
 - 5. Religion
- C. Institutional Social Policy
 - 1. Marriage, Sex, Children
 - 2. Schools and Schooling
 - 3. Money, Stratification, Poverty
 - 4. Government, Power, Social Order
 - 5. Churches, Beliefs, Ideology

Suggested Texts

Nolan, Patrick and Gerhard Lenski. 2008. *Human Societies: An Introduction to Macrosociology*. Eleventh Edition. New York: Paradigm Publishers.

Ruane, Janet M. and Karen A. Cerulo. 2008. Second Thoughts Seeing Conventional Wisdom Through the Sociological Eye. Fourth Edition. Los Angeles: Pine Forge Press.

Stephen K. Sanderson and Arthur S. Alderson. 2005. World Societies: The Evolution of Human Social Life. Boston: Allyn & Bacon Longman.

Stephen K. Sanderson, ed. 2000. *Sociological Worlds: Comparative and Historical Readings on Society*. Chicago: Fitzroy and Dearborn.

Bibliography

Collins, Randall. 1992. *Sociological Insight: An Introduction to Non-Obvious Sociology*. 2nd Edition, New York: Oxford University Press.

Ferguson, Susan J. (ed.) 2005. *Mapping the Social Landscape*. 4th Edition, Boston: McGraw-Hill.

Giddens, Anthony. 2000. *The Third Way and Its Critics*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Hechter, Michael and Christine Horne (eds.) 2009. *Theories of Social Order*. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press.

McClanahan, Alexandra J. 2000. *Growing Up Native in Alaska*. Anchorage AK: CIRI Foundation.

Parsons, Talcott. 1977. The Evolution of Societies. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall.

Russell, James W. 1996. *Introduction to Macrosociology*. 2nd Edition. Upper Saddle River NJ: Prentice-Hall.

Smith, Dorothy. 2005. *Institutional Ethnography : A Sociology for People*. Walnut Creek, CA: AltaMira Press.

Swenson, Don. 1999. *Society, Spirituality, and the Sacred: A Social Scientific Introduction*. New York: Broadview Press.

Turner, Jonathan H. 1997. *The Institutional Order: Economy, Kinship, Religion, Polity, Law, and Education in Evolutionary and Comparative Perspective*. New York: Addison Wesley Longman, Inc.

Suggested Periodicals

American Journal of Sociology
American Review of Sociology
Economic Sociology
Gender and Society
Journal of Marriage and the Family
Politics and Society
Social Problems
Sociology of Education
Sociology of Religion



Course Action Request University of Alaska Anchorage Proposal to Initiate, Add, Change, or Delete a Course

1a. School or College CB CBPP		b. Division ADEP Division of Econ Public Pol				partment conomics			
2. Course Prefix	. Course Prefix 3. Course Number 4. Previous Course Prefix 8			& Number	5a.	Credits/0	CEUs		ontact Hours
ECON	A123	N/A				3			ecture + Lab) 3+0)
6. Complete Course T Introduction to Be Intro to Behavioral Abbreviated Title for Transcri	ehavioral Economics Econ								
7. Type of Course Academic Preparatory/Development Non-credit CEU Professional Development									
8. Type of Action:		nange or	☐ Delete	9. Repea	t Statu	s No	# of Repeats		Max Credits
If a change, mark approp Prefix Credits	Cours	se Number act Hours		10. Gradii	ng Bas	is 🗵] A-F 🔲 F	P/NP [NG
☐ Title ☐ Grading Basis ☐ Course Descrip ☐ Test Score Pre	Cross	at Status -Listed/Stack e Prerequisite quisites		11. Implementation Date semester/year From: Fall /2010 To: /9999					
Other Restriction	· =	tration Restric	ctions	12. 🗌 C	ross Li	sted with			
_	lease specify)			Stacked with Cross-Listed Coordination Signature					
•	es or Programs: List ar		• .					aska.edu/ <u>c</u>	governance.
Impacted 1.	Program/Course	Catal	log Page(s) Impact	ed Date o	f Coord	ination		Chair/Coor	rdinator Contacted
2.									
3.									
Initiator Name (typed) Initiator Signed Initials:	: <u>Jonathan Alevy</u>	Date:							
13b. Coordination Em	ail Date: 11/20/			13c Coor	dinatio	n with Lih	rary Liaison	Date	e: 11/20/2009
	y Listserv: (<u>uaa-faculty@I</u>		a.edu)	13c. Coordination with Library Liaison Date: 11/20/2009					
14. General Education	on Requirement ppropriate box:	=	ral Communication ne Arts	☐ Written Communication ☐ Quantitative Skills ☐ Humanities ☑ Social Sciences ☐ Natural Sciences ☐ Integrative Capstone			=		
15. Course Description (suggested length 20 to 50 words) An introduction to economics that incorporates insights from psychology. The implications of research findings are developed and applied to topics that include personal finance, health, happiness, and the design of public policies.									
16a. Course Prerequisite(s) (list prefix and number) None 16b. Test Score(s) N/A 16c. Co-requisite(s) (concurrent enrollment required) N/A						nt enrollment required)			
16d. Other Restriction(s) 16e. Registrat				tion Restriction(s) (non-codable)					
☐ College ☐ Major ☐ Class ☐ Level									
17. Mark if course has fees Standard CBPP computer lab fee 18. Mark if				f course is a	select	ed topic o	course		
19. Justification for Action Recent research findings at the intersection of psychology and economics have helped broaden our conception of "economic man" and shed new light on puzzling economic outcomes. Introduction to Behavioral Economics introduces students to empirical social science methods by surveying these findings, and places an emphasis on their practical implications for improving decision making and public policy. The course level is appropriate									

given the lack of prerequisites. This course meets the standards of a GER course.

Initiator (faculty only) Jonathan Alevy Initiator (TYPE NAME)	Date	Approved Disapproved	Dean/Director of School/College	Date
Approved Disapproved Department Chairperson Approved	Date	☐ Approved ☐ Disapproved ☐ Approved	Undergraduate/Graduate Academic Board Chairperson	Date
Disapproved Curriculum Committee Chairperson	Date	Disapproved	Provost or Designee	Date

COURSE CONTENT GUIDE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA ANCHORAGE COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC POLICY

I. Date Initiated November 20, 2009

II. Course Information

College/School: College of Business and Public Policy

Department: Economics

Program: Bachelor of Business Administration, Economics; Bachelor

of Arts, Economics

Course Title: Introduction to Behavioral Economics

Course Number: ECON A123

Credits: 3

Contact Hours: 3 per week x 15 weeks = 45 hours

0 lab hours

6 hours outside of class per week x 15 weeks = 90 hours

Grading Basis: A - F

Course Description: An introduction to economics that incorporates insights

from psychology. The implications of research findings are

developed and applied to topics that include personal finance, health, happiness, and the design of public

policies.

Course Prerequisites: None **Registration Restrictions:** None

Fees: Standard CBPP computer lab fee

III. Course Activities

- A. Discussion
- B. Experiments
- C. Lecture
- D. Guest speakers
- E. Writing assignments
- F. Problem sets

IV. Guidelines for Evaluation

- A. Problem sets
- B. Writing assignments
- C. Written exams

V. Course Level Justification

Recent research findings at the intersection of psychology and economics have helped broaden our conception of "economic man" and shed new light on puzzling economic outcomes. Introduction to Behavioral Economics introduces students to empirical social science methods by surveying these findings, and places an emphasis on their practical implications for improving decision making and public policy. The course level is appropriate given the lack of prerequisites. This course meets the standards of a GER course.

VI. Outline

A. Introduction

- 1. The two faces of Adam Smith: Markets and moral sentiments
- 2. Introduction to behavioral economics research: Dual process theories of cognition
- 3. Introduction to behavioral economics research: Gathering empirical evidence

B. Fundamentals: Preferences

- 1. Discounting the future
- 2. Risk, uncertainty, and loss aversion

C. Fundamentals: The Formation of Beliefs

- 1. Framing effects
- 2. Individual and social learning

D. Fundamentals: Heuristics and Biases

- 1. Anchoring, availability and representativeness
- 2. Optimism and overconfidence
- 3. Status-quo bias

E. Applications: Health Decisions

- 1. Health care costs
- 2. Exercise and obesity
- 3. Addictions

F. Applications: Savings and Investment

- 1. Retirement savings
- 2. Investment decisions
- 3. Market bubbles and crashes

F. Applications: Social and Strategic Interaction

- 1. Altruism, fairness, trust, and reciprocity
- 2. Fads, fashions, and social media
- 3. Happiness and social comparisons

G. Implications of Behavioral Economics

- 1. Organizational design and the flow of information
- 2. Libertarian paternalism in public policy

VII. Suggested Texts

- Dasgupta, P. (2007). *Economics: A very short introduction*. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.
- Thaler, R. H., & Sunstein, C.R. (2009). *Nudge: Improving decisions about health, wealth, and happiness*. New York, NY: Penguin Press.
- Wilkinson, N. (2007). *An introduction to behavioral economics: A guide for students*. Hampshire, UK: Macmillan Publishers.

VIII. Bibliography

- Andersen, S., Harrison, G. W., Lau, M. I., & Rutstrom, E.E. (2008). Eliciting Risk and Time Preferences. *Econometrica*, 76(3), 583-618.
- Ashraf, N., Camerer, C. F., & Loewenstein, G. (2005). Adam Smith, Behavioral Economist. *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 19(3): 131–145.
- Camerer, C. F., Issacharoff, S., Loewenstein, G., O'Donoghue, T., & Rabin, M. (2003). Regulation for Conservatives: Behavioral Economics and the Case for "Asymmetric Paternalism." *Penn Law Review*, 151, 1211-1254.
- Cutler, D., Glaeser, E., & Shapiro, J. M. (2003). Why have Americans become more obese? *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 17(3), 93-118.
- Diamond, P., & Koszegi, B. (2003). Quasi-Hyperbolic Discounting and Retirement, *Journal of Public Economics*, 87(9-10), 1839-1872.
- Diamond, P. & Vartiainen, H. (2007). *Behavioral economics and its applications*. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press.
- Gilovich, T., Griffin, D., & Kahneman, D. (2002). *Heuristics and biases: The psychology of intuitive judgment*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.
- Hirshleifer, D. (2001). Investor Psychology and Asset Pricing. *Journal of Finance*, LVI(4), 1533-1597.
- Kahneman, D. (2003). Maps of Bounded Rationality: Psychology for Behavioral Economics. *American Economic Review*, 93(5), 1449-14475.
- Layard, R. (2006) "Happiness and Public Policy: A Challenge to the Profession," *The Economic Journal* 116, C24–C33.
- Smith, V. L. (1998). The Two Faces of Adam Smith. *Southern Economic Journal*, 65(1), 2-19.
- Stevenson, B., & Wolfers, J. (2008). Economic Growth and Subjective Well-Being: Reassessing the Easterlin Paradox. *Brookings Papers on Economic Activity*, Spring, 1-87.

IX. Instructional Goals and Student Outcomes

A. Instructional Goals. The instructor will:

- 1. Introduce the economics of individual decision-making and identify the impacts of behavioral biases on individual welfare and market outcomes.
- 2. Introduce fundamental concepts and tools of economics that identify causal claims through empirical methods.
- 3. Demonstrate through the use of in-class experiments how evidence is gathered to support or refute specific empirical claims.
- 4. Apply the findings of behavioral research to explain outcomes in important economic sectors.
- 5. Examine the implications of behavioral findings for the design of organizations and public policy.

	B. Student Outcomes.	Assessment	GER	GER
Students will be able to:		Method:	Category	Preamble
			Descriptor	Student
			Outcomes	Outcomes
1.	Communicate effectively about the	Problem sets,	1,2,4,5	5,7
	conceptual foundations of economic	written exams,		
	decision-making.	and writing		
		assignment		
2.	Reason logically about empirical	Problem sets,	1,2,3,4,5	2,5,7
	claims by developing an	written exams,		
	understanding of experimental	and writing		
	design and analysis.	assignment		
3.	Identify heuristics in decision-	Problem sets and	1,2,3,4,5	2,5
	making by recognizing their impact	written exams		
	on patterns of choices.			
4.	Apply behavioral findings to	Problem sets and	1,2,4,5	2,5,7,9
	specific economic sectors.	written exams		
5.	Summarize current public policy	Problem sets and	4,5	5
	initiatives that use insights of	written exams		
	behavioral economics.			
6.	Analyze a current issue in	Writing	1,2,3,4,5	2,5,9
	behavioral economics using	assignment		
	empirical data and economic			
	reasoning.			

GER STUDENT OUTCOMES (All GER courses should address one or more of these)

After completing the General Education Requirement, UAA students shall be able to:

- 1. Communicate effectively in a variety of contexts and formats.
- 2. Reason mathematically, and analyze quantitative and qualitative data competently to reach sound conclusions.
- 3. Relate knowledge to the historical context in which it developed and the human problems it addresses.
- 4. Interpret different systems of aesthetic representation and understand their historical and cultural contexts.
- 5. Investigate the complexity of human institutions and behavior to better understand interpersonal, group, political, economic, and/or cultural dynamics.
- 6. Identify ways in which science has advanced the understanding of important natural processes.
- 7. Locate and use relevant information to make appropriate personal and professional decisions.
- 8. Adopt critical perspectives to better understand the forces of globalization and diversity; and
- 9. Integrate knowledge and employ skills gained to synthesize creative thinking, critical judgment, and personal experience in a meaningful and coherent manner.

GER Category Descriptor Outcomes (Tier 2: Social Science Courses)

- 1. Reflect on the workings of individuals and the society of which they are a part and possess a broad perspective on the diversity of human behavior.
- 2. Distinguish between empirical and non-empirical truth claims.
- 3. Be aware of the limits of human objectivity and understand the rudiments of how ideas about social phenomena may be tested and verified or rejected.
- 4. Demonstrate an introductory knowledge of social science thinking which includes observation, empirical data analysis, theoretical models, qualitative analysis, quantitative reasoning, and application to social aspects of contemporary life.
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge of social science approaches and apply that knowledge in a particular content area.

Appropriate numbered GER preamble Student Outcomes

Must Include:

5. Investigate the complexity of human institutions and behavior to better understand interpersonal, group, political, economic, and/or cultural dynamics.

May include:

- 2. Reason mathematically, and analyze quantitative and qualitative data competently to reach sound conclusions.
- 7. Locate and use relevant information to make appropriate personal and professional decisions.
- 9. Integrate knowledge and employ skills gained to synthesize creative thinking, critical judgment, and personal experience in a meaningful and coherent manner.