

KODIAK COLLEGE CREDIT STUDENT PROFILE, FALL 2009

DISTINGUISHING CHARACTERISTICS

Kodiak College serves the population of the second-largest island in the United States, providing basic college courses, technical training, and personal enrichment courses.

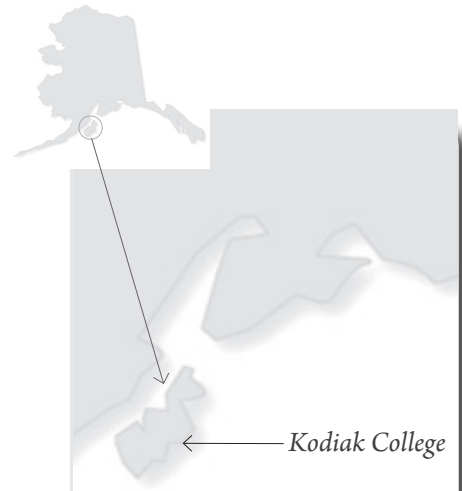
About nine out of ten students attend part-time; 75% take fewer than 6 credits.

At 70%, Kodiak College has the highest proportion of females of any UAA campus.

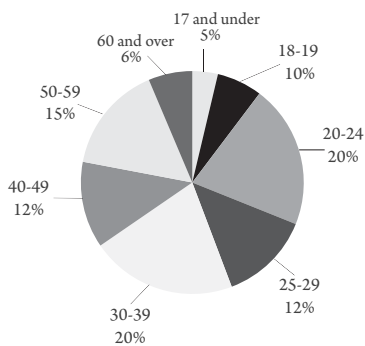
More than three quarters of the students are considered “non degree-seeking,” that is, they have not been admitted to one of

the certificate or associate degree programs offered by Kodiak College. Some of these students may be seeking degrees from other University of Alaska campuses.

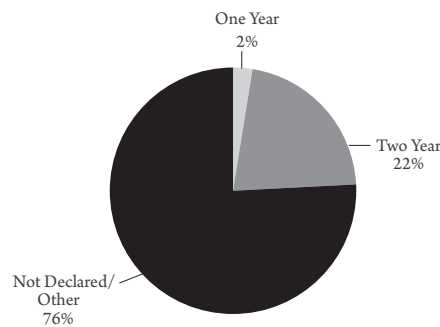
At 25%, Kodiak College has the highest proportion of ethnic minority students of any UAA campus outside of Anchorage. The largest group is composed of Pacific Island/Asian (36% of the minority headcount, 9% of the total student headcount).



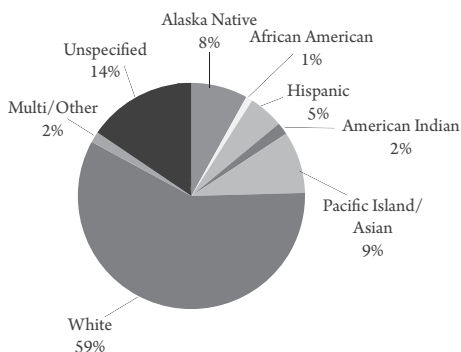
Kodiak College is located on Kodiak Island in the Gulf of Alaska. In addition to the campus in the city of Kodiak, the Kodiak campus provides outreach services to the U.S. Coast Guard, Kodiak Senior Center, local schools and the communities of Akhiok, Chiniak, Karluk, Larsen Bay, Old Harbor, Ouzinkie, and Port Lions.



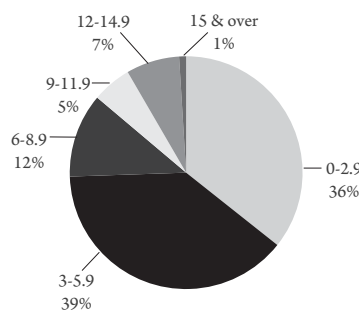
AGE



DEGREE TYPE



ETHNICITY



ATTEMPTED HOURS

HEADCOUNT	513	% OF TOTAL
PART-TIME	471	92%
WHITE	304	59%
FEMALE	359	70%
UNDER AGE 30	242	47%
DEGREE SEEKING	124	24%

KODIAK COLLEGE TRENDS, BY STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS

Kodiak College credit student headcount declined 24% from Fall 1999 with the number of part-time students dropping 28%. Kodiak, unlike the other campuses, typically has a higher headcount in the spring than in the fall. It is interesting to note that while their fall numbers have declined in recent years, their spring enrollment has been trending upward.

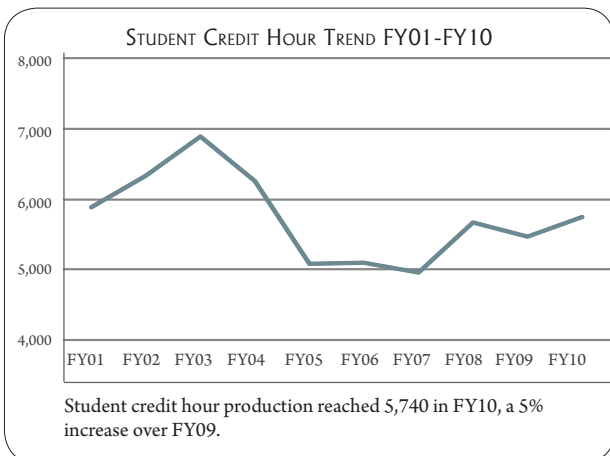
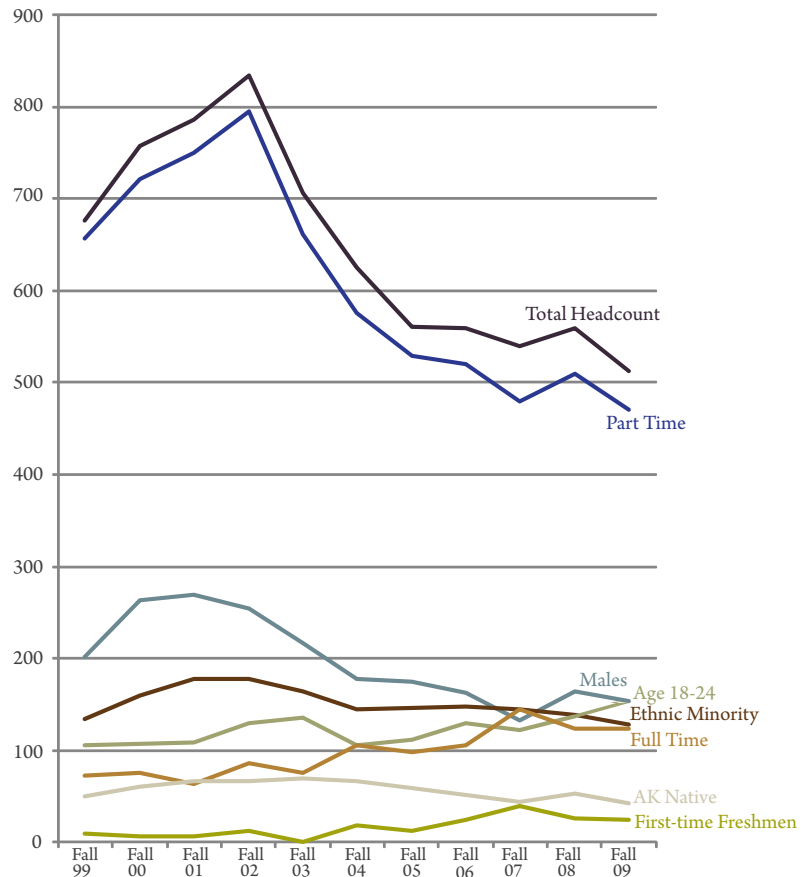
Certificate and degree-seeking students increased 72%. These students now represent 24% of the credit student population compared with 11% in Fall 1999. The Fall 2009 total includes 111 students in two-year programs, up 58% from Fall 1999.

Both full-time credit students and first-time freshmen also increased, 110% and 178% respectively, though the raw numbers in these categories remain a small proportion of the overall credit student count, 8% and 5% respectively.

Traditional age college students (18-24) increased 44% and now represent 29% of the credit student population, up from 16% in Fall 1999. The only other age group to increase was the 25-29 year-olds, up 42%. All other age groups have declined since 1999.

Male students decreased 23% while female students decreased 25% over the ten year period. Females continue to represent 70% of the credit student population.

Ethnic minority student enrollment declined 4% overall. Pacific Island/Asians now represent 37% of the ethnic minority students (9% of the total credit student population), followed by Alaska Natives at 33% (8% of the total credit student population).



Credit Students	Then.....and Now	Change
	Fall 99	Fall 09	
HEADCOUNT	677	513	-24%
PART-TIME	657	471	-28%
MALE	201	154	-23%
ETHNIC MINORITY	134	128	-4%
TRADITIONAL AGE (18-24)	105	151	44%
CERT/DEGREE-SEEKING	72	124	72%
ALASKA NATIVE	50	42	-16%
FIRST-TIME FRESHMEN	9	25	178%