Intimate Partner Violence and Sexual Violence in the State of Alaska: Key Results from the 2015 Alaska Victimization Survey

Out of every 100 adult women who reside in the State of Alaska:

40 experienced intimate partner violence (IPV):

33 experienced sexual violence:

50 experienced intimate partner violence, sexual violence, or both:

These lifetime estimates come from a 2015 survey of adult women in the State of Alaska.

Purpose of the Survey
Every human being has the right to be safe and free from violence in their own homes, in their relationships, and in their community. Intimate partner violence and sexual violence are endemic problems. The Alaska Victimization Survey provides comprehensive statewide and regional data to guide planning and policy development and to evaluate the impact of prevention and intervention services. The 2015 survey was designed to provide estimates that could be compared to previous estimates from 2010. Results can be used to support prevention and intervention efforts that reduce violence against women.

Methodology
A total of 3,027 adult women in Alaska participated in the 2015 survey. Respondents were randomly selected by phone (using both land lines and cell phones) from May to August 2015. Respondents were asked behaviorally specific questions about intimate partner violence (both threats and physical violence). Intimate partners included romantic and sexual partners. Respondents were also asked about sexual violence (both alcohol- or drug-involved sexual assault and forcible sexual assault). These questions were not limited to intimate partners. Procedures were designed to maximize the safety and confidentiality of all respondents. The survey was approved by multiple institutional review boards and was supported by the Alaska Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault.

Acknowledgments
We sincerely thank the 3,027 adult women in Alaska who invested time and effort to participate in this victimization survey. They re-lived horrendous experiences, experiences that no one should be subjected to, to help the rest of us understand the extent of intimate partner and sexual violence in Alaska. Funding for this project was provided by the Alaska Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault. The survey was administered by RTI International. Data were analyzed by the UAA Justice Center.

Important Limitations
The survey excluded non-English speaking women, women without phone access, and women not living in a residence. Estimates may be higher among women excluded from the survey. Estimates may also be conservative because of the continuing stigma of reporting victimization. This survey measured the number of victims, not the number of victimizations. In addition, not all forms of intimate partner violence or sexual violence were measured.
Key Estimates
The following table shows the percentage of adult women in the State of Alaska who experienced each form of violence. Results from the 2015 survey are compared to results from 2010. All estimates were weighted to control for selection, non-response, and coverage. The 2015 estimates show that 50.3% of adult women in Alaska experienced sexual violence, intimate partner violence, or both, in their lifetime (versus 58.6% in 2010); and 8.1% experienced these forms of violence in the past year (versus 11.8% in 2010).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measures of Violence</th>
<th>Lifetime 2010</th>
<th>Lifetime 2015</th>
<th>Past Year 2010</th>
<th>Past Year 2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intimate partner violence (composite)</td>
<td>47.6%</td>
<td>40.4%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threats of physical violence</td>
<td>31.0%</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical violence</td>
<td>44.8%</td>
<td>39.6%</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual violence (composite)</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
<td>33.1%</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol- or drug-involved sexual assault</td>
<td>26.8%</td>
<td>22.6%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forcible sexual assault</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>23.5%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Violence (composite)</td>
<td>58.6%</td>
<td>50.3%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Intimate Partner Violence Estimates:
The intimate partner violence composite includes both threats of physical violence and physical violence.
- 40.4% of adult women experienced intimate partner violence in their lifetime (versus 47.6% in 2010).
  - 25.6% experienced threats of physical violence (versus 31.0% in 2010).
  - 39.6% experienced physical violence (versus 44.8% in 2010).
- 6.4% of adult women experienced intimate partner violence in the past year (versus 9.4% in 2010).
  - 3.0% experienced threats of physical violence (versus 5.8% in 2010).
  - 5.9% experienced physical violence (versus 8.6% in 2010).

Sexual Violence Estimates:
The sexual violence composite includes both alcohol- or drug-involved sexual assault and forcible sexual assault.
- 33.1% of adult women experienced sexual violence in their lifetime (versus 37.1% in 2010).
  - 22.6% experienced at least one alcohol- or drug-involved sexual assault (versus 26.8% in 2010).
  - 23.5% experienced at least one forcible sexual assault (versus 25.6% in 2010).
- 2.9% of adult women experienced sexual violence in the past year (versus 4.3% in 2010).
  - 2.0% experienced at least one alcohol- or drug-involved sexual assault (versus 3.6% in 2010).
  - 1.6% experienced at least one forcible sexual assault (versus 2.5% in 2010).

Conclusion
Half of adult women in Alaska have experienced violence in their lifetime, and 1 in 12 have experienced violence in the past year. Four in 10 have experienced intimate partner violence in their lifetime, and 1 in 16 have experienced intimate partner violence in the past year. Three in 10 have experienced sexual violence in their lifetime, and 1 in 34 have experienced sexual violence in the past year. Some women experienced violence more than once.

While the rates of violence against women in the State of Alaska are trending in the right direction, they remain unacceptably high.